

#426018 Ultramarine Red, violet pink

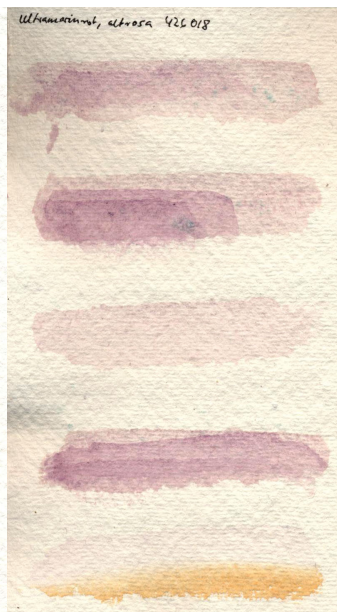
Ultramarine red, violet pink is an extremely pale color that is very difficult to dissolve with a brush. It develops its weak luminosity best on handmade paper. On rice paper, the color only becomes visible with multiple applications. With repeated application, the effect changes from a faint pink to a light violet. The surface texture is homogeneous to cloudy. Drying edges are not formed.

The blend was created together with #433008 Titanium Orange (lowest color application in each case). On hot pressed paper, #441518 Cobalt Green bluish A was used.

Mould-made Paper



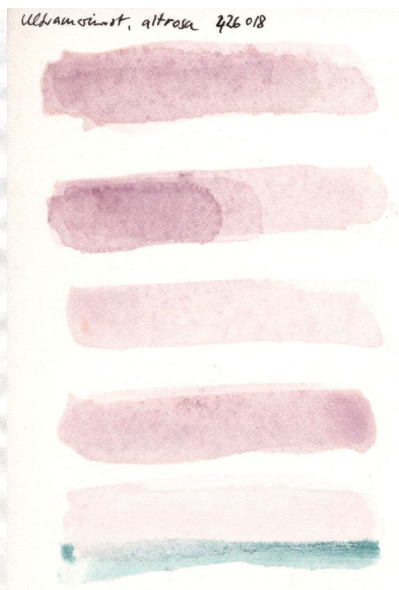
Cotton Rag Paper



Chinese Rice Paper



Hot Pressed Paper



Influence and properties of painting surfaces

The "colorfulness" or character of a pigment is influenced not only by the different binders; a significant expression is also created by the different textures of the various painting surfaces.

For example, glazing pigments appear even more "transparent" on rice paper and seem to become "one" with the painting surface. On canvas, regular or hand-made paper, on the other hand, they appear more solid and stable.

Properties of hand-made paper (German: Büttenpapier)

- Low density
- Soft, velvety
- Voluminous, full-bodied
- Firm, stable
- Absorbs a lot of water and the color penetrates deeply

Properties of Chinese rice paper

- Dissolves with "too much" water
- Transparent (as a result, the light behind the painting surface has different effects on the paint application)
- The paint soaks through the paper and is highly runny
- practically untextured

Properties of cotton rag paper

- "woven" paper with regular, tiny corrugation
- slightly shimmery effects
- The color seems to move
- Clear texture

Properties of hot pressed paper

- Certain firmness and rigidity (less flexible)
- Clear lines and contours
- Smooth, dense surface
- Less absorbent, color penetrates less into the paper and runs more evenly
- Less "shadow" due to lack of texture